There are now new rules in the National Association of Norwegian Dogs that apply from 1/6 2024!

The dogs are divided into series:

Puppy classes VK 100 series 3-6 months

200 series 6-9 months

Junior JK 300 series 9-15 months

Young dog UK 400 series 15-24 months

Open class AK 500 series from 18 months

Champion class Ch.K 600 series from 24 months

Veteran Vet.K 700 series from 8 years

Everyone with CK (champion quality) in their series competes against each other to get BOB (best in breed) except puppy.

Puppies 3-6 months can get L, puppies 6-9 months can get HP. Those dogs that get L or HP can participate in competing for BOB in their breed.

Types of assessment:

Takes place according to 2 principles; first quality assessment and then (if there are several dogs in the breed) competition assessment.

Quality assessment:

The dog is assessed according to its quality in relation to the breed club's standard. Awarding after judging has nothing to do with the number of dogs. The quality is decisive, and the judge gives a written critique of which the exhibitor receives a copy.

Competition judging:

The dogs in the class compete among themselves for the order after they have first qualified for Excellent and CK. (puppies must get L/HP)

Class divisions and prize levels:

Puppy class VK is for dogs 3-9 months, 3-6 months can get L (promising) and 6-9 months can get HP (honorary award)

Junior JK is for dogs 9-15 months, Individual quality assessment first then competition assessment, where 1,2,3 and 4th UK are awarded. KIP (cannot be awarded) can also be given if it is impossible for the judge to get a full impression of the dog. The dogs can compete for junior certs, they must achieve 3 junior certs, from 3 different judges, to obtain the title of junior champion.

Young dog class UK is for dogs 15-24 months. Individual quality assessment first then competition assessment, where 1,2,3 and 4th UK are awarded. KIP (cannot be awarded) can also be given if it is impossible for the judge to get a full impression of the dog. The dogs can compete for a young dog certificate, they must achieve 3 young dog certificates, from 3 different judges, to obtain the title young dog champion.

Open class AK is open to dogs from 18 months. Individual quality assessment first then competition assessment where 1,2,3 and 4.UK are awarded. KIP can also be judged here (cannot be awarded, see young dog) Here the dog can get a Norwegian certificate, the dog must get a certificate from 3 different judges, and

the last certificate after the age of 2 years. **Dogs with an achieved** championship are not allowed to compete in the open class.

Champion class Ch.K is for dogs that have achieved national championship (Norwegian ch.) Individual quality assessment first, then competition assessment where the dogs are awarded 1,2,3 and 4.ch.k. KIP can also be judged here. (See young dog.) Here you start by building up to Scandinavian champion and/or international champion. Once one of these championships is achieved, one can start collecting bronze, silver, gold, etc.

Veteran class Vet.K is open to dogs over the age of 8. Individual quality assessment first then competition assessment where 1,2,3 and 4. Vet.K are awarded. KIP can also be judged here, see young dog. The dog can compete for its own Veteran certificate, they must obtain 3 certificates, from 3 different judges, possibly a certificate can be replaced by cacib to obtain the title Veteran champion. Veterans can also work their way up the championship ladder after they have become veteran ch.

Scandinavian champion class SkCh.K. is open to dogs that are approved Norwegian champion or international champion. The judge makes a quality assessment and if the dog is good, a Scandinavian certificate (SCC) can be issued. Must obtain 3 scc certificates from Norwegian, Swedish and Danish judges.

International Champion class Int.ch.K.: achieved when the dog has received at least 3 cacibs from 3 different judges, of which 1 Norwegian and 2 foreign, in

at least 2 different countries. At least 366 days must elapse between the first and last cacib.

Bronze champion Br.ch: obtained when the dog has received at least 3 bronze certificates from 3 different judges in at least 2 different countries. At least 6 months must elapse between the first and last certificate.

Silver champion S.ch: obtained when the dog has received at least 3 silver certificates from 3 different judges in at least 2 different countries. At least 6 months must elapse between the first and last certificate.

Gold champion G.ch: achieved when the dog has received at least 3 gold certificates from 3 different judges, in at least 2 different countries. At least 6 months must elapse between the first and last certificate.

Ruby champion R.ch: obtained when the dog has received at least 3 ruby certificates from 3 different judges in at least 2 different countries. At least 6 months must elapse between the first and last certificate.

Sapphire champion Sa.ch: obtained when the dog has received at least 3 sapphire certificates from 3 different judges in at least 2 different countries. At least 6 months must elapse between the first and last certificate.

Diamond champion D.ch: obtained when the dog has received at least 3 diamond certificates from 3 different judges in at least 2 different countries. At least 6 months must elapse between the first and last certificate.

Multi champion M.ch: obtained when the dog has received at least 3 multi champion certificates from 3 different judges, in at least 2 different countries. At least 6 months must elapse between the first and last certificate.

THE DOG MUST BE REGISTERED IN THE NHL BEFORE THE CHAMPIONSHIP IS CALLED.

Group finals: The judges judge here the groups they have assessed for quality that day. (we do not have group finals as of today, but hope to get it started when we get more members and enough dogs to show)

BIS finals: We have BIS finals right after each class, the judge who judged the class also judges the BIS final.

Super BIS: here all BIS 1 dogs can meet at the end of the show weekend, where both judges from the weekend judge together, to choose the show's Super BIS (here a student judge can also be judge no.3)

REGISTRATION TO THE NHL'S EXHIBITIONS IS BINDING,
THE REGISTRATION FEE MUST BE PAID REGARDLESS OF
WHETHER THE DOG IS PUT DOWN OR NOT. Exception if
the dog is injured and a veterinary certificate can be shown.

COMPLAINT INSTITUTE: Complaints about judging etc. must be sent to the NHL within 24 hours after the end of the exhibition to E-mail marked with the name of the exhibitor, breed and catalog number. It must also be attached to the receipt for the paid fee of NOK. 500,-. The fee will be refunded if the appeal is upheld.

Explanation of the meaning of words and expressions:

Quality assessment meaning and colour:

Excellent (EXL) Red:

The quality of the dog is of **excellent** quality by the breed standard of the day.

The dog is well balanced and in very good condition, strong muscles in the body, clean white teeth.

Very good (VG) Blue:

The quality of the dog is of **very good** quality by the breed standard of the day.

The dog may have minor faults, but this should not spoil the overall expression.

The dog is well balanced and in good condition, strong muscles in the body, clean teeth. This dog can be placed as dog 2,3,4 in its breed.

Good (G) Yellow:

The quality is of good quality by the breed standard of the day. Here it is straight out, thanks for today.

Sufficient (Suf) Acceptable Green:

Dog that corresponds to the breed's standard but does not have all of the breed's characteristic features or has poor physical condition. Here it is straight out, thanks for today

0.prize (disqualified) Grey: The dog shown in the ring has disqualifying faults according to the breed standard. Anatomical defects that affect the dog's health and well-being. Male dog that does not have normally developed or normally placed testicles. Shows fear, aggressiveness in the ring. Here it is right out! 3 times counter for temperament, then the dog is banned from exhibitions.

KIP (cannot be awarded): Dog that is shown in such a condition that the judge cannot form an opinion about its quality, can be awarded KIP. The dog has obvious deficiencies in ring culture, or appears in poor condition (excessively fat or thin) Dog that has been recently trimmed so that the judge cannot make an assessment of the dog's coat. The dog limps/is injured so that the judge cannot judge movements.

BOB (best of breed) Red/white rosette. Winner of his race regardless of gender.

BIM (best in reverse) Green/white rosette. Winner of the opposite sex to the BOB dog.

L (Promising) puppies 3-6 months must get L to participate in the best male dog/bitch class

HP (honorary award) Puppies 6-9 months must receive HP to participate in the best male dog/bitch class.

Assessment of breeding and rearing:

Breeding group for breeders, must get **HP** to compete further with the breeding group (1 parent animal and at least 3 offspring) the dogs must have participated in quality assessment on this day and only one of the dogs can have received VG, the rest must have Excelent.

Breeder group must gain **HP** to compete further with the breeder group. (at least 3 dogs from own breeding.) the dogs must have taken part in quality assessment on this day and only one of the dogs can have received VG, the rest must have Excelent.

Certs and Championships in our partner clubs SHL and SHK in Sweden, and DDH and DHL in Denmark, and all other country's clubs associated with ACW can be used in the NHL and vice versa.

SHL is the Swedish National Association of Dogs. SHK is the Swedish Kennel Club.

DHL is the Danish Dog Owners' National Association. DDH is the Danish Dog Association.

Certificates and Championships in the NKK cannot be used in the NHL Certificates and championships in the NHL cannot be used in NKK

When other countries hold events in Norway, it is then considered the organizer's country. For example. The SHL, which organizes in Norway, will then issue a Swedish certificate as if it had been staged in Sweden.